

# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

MONDAY, EVENING, MARCH 2, 1885.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

Spring-'85-Spring.

ROXBURY

—AND OTHER—

Tapestry Brussels  
Rugs, Mats.

Body  
Brussels,

Superior in Quality, Artistic in Design.

All Grades of

CARPETS!

Every known Variety and Style.

FRESH FROM THE LOOM

No Old, Shop-worn job-lots, soiled ends, but clean, choice goods, at prices to please you. We want your Carpet trade. Try us.

Louis Wolf & Co.,

54 Calhoun Street.

Also, sell Domestic Perfect Fitting Paper Patterns.

JOHN WILSON

Wholesale and Retail Dealer

In the Best Brands of

Anthracite and Soft

COAL.

LIKEWISE,

CRUSHED COKE,

In three sizes: Rut No. 4, Furnace and Cannel Coal.

CHARCOAL, WOOD.

Four-foot and in Block or Split. Kindling and Cedar Fence Posts.

Orders by Telephone No. 100 promptly attended to.

Yard and track connects with the P., F. W. & C. and the C. & I. Railroads, corner Clinton and Railroad streets. 12-4m

TROY STRAM LAUNDRY.

P. L. JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Office and works at 60 Pearl street. Central Office at

GOLDEN & MONAHAN'S, 68 Calhoun Street.

Our wagon will call for and deliver goods to any part of the city free of charge. 509-11

THE MARKETS.

Tolled Markets.

Wheat, quiet and steady; No. 2 cash, or March, 75½; April, 77½; May, 78½; No. 2 soft, 82½; 83½.

Corn, active; No. 2, cash, 42½; April, 42½ bid; May, 42½ bid, 43 asked; No. 3, 42 No. 8, yellow, 42½.

Oats, dull; No. 3, cash, 31½ bid; May, 33½.

Cloverseed, quiet; prime, 4 85 asked.

Chicago Market.

Chicago, March 2, 1885.

Wheat ruled weak during most of the session, but closed somewhat stronger; 74 cash or March; 74½ April; 74½ May.

Corn, steady; 37½ cash or March; 37½ April; 40½ 41 May.

Oats, steady; 26½ cash or March; 26½ April; 30½ May.

Rye, easier, 62½.

Barley, nominal, 68.

Flaxseed, quiet, 1 46.

Pork, firm; 12 45 March; 12 55 April, 12 67½ May.

Lard, steady; 6 82½ March; 6 90 April, 7 00 May.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

The Senate to Bring Up the Proposed

Woman's Suffrage Constitutional Amendment.

A Summary of Business Done and yet to do in Both House and Senate.

Voluntaneous Papers Relating to Alleged Land Frauds in New Mexico--Bills Introduced.

Congressional News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—The chair laid before the senate a letter from the Secretary of the Interior transmitting correspondence called for by Hill's resolution heretofore offered.

Hill moved to print the papers. Ingalls hoped, as they were voluminous, they would be referred to the committee on printing to be first examined.

Hill said the papers related to land frauds, or alleged land frauds, in New Mexico. After reciting the circumstances introducing his offer of the resolution he argued it was clear that senate senate resolution had been complied with reluctantly and with unnecessary delay by the Interior Department, and that the volume of correspondence sent in had been made unnecessarily full in order to embarrass the senate on the question of printing. Ingalls's motion was agreed on. The house bill appropriating \$100,000 to complete the public building at Council Bluffs passed.

House submitted a proposed amendment to the sundry civil bill appropriating \$15,000 for a woman's department of the New Orleans exposition and moved it may be the order of business without reference to the committee, to present that amendment in the senate bill should it come to be considered agreed to.

House gave notice that to-morrow he would seek the vote of the senate without debate on the proposed woman's suffrage constitutional amendment.

The fortification bill was laid before the senate and referred.

Allison, from the committee on appropriations, reported a sundry civil bill and it was taken up at once.

HOUSE.

Randall, from the committee on appropriations, reported back the naval appropriation with the senate amendments, recommending concurrence in some, and non-concurrence in others. The amendments were considered in the house as in the committee of the whole.

The senate disagreed to the recommendation of the appropriation committee as to the amount for public buildings at the following named places and fixed the amounts as follows: Columbus, Ohio, \$110,000; Dallas, \$25,000; Fort Wayne, \$60,000; Jefferson City, \$32,000; Hannibal, \$55,500; St. Joseph, \$50,000; Minneapolis, \$110,000; and Detroit, \$200,000.

NOTES.

Representative Warner's committee, which has been investigating the workings of the pension office, determined, owing to the short time before the adjournment of congress, to make no formal report other than the evidence taken by the committee.

The supreme court of the United States reassembled to-day after the February recess, with chief Justice Waite presiding, for the first time since his recent illness. A large number of decisions were rendered, but only a few of general public interest.

A general court martial was ordered to-day for the trial of Medical Director Philip Swales on charges preferred by Secretary Chandler, of neglect of duty in the administration of the office of surgeon general of the navy, formerly held by him.

Vice-President-elect Hendricks called at the White House to-day in company with Henry D. Pierce, of Indianapolis, and the inauguration reception committee, and paid his respects to the president.

The president to-day issued the following proclamation: "By the president of the United States of America, a proclamation, whereas the objects of the interest of the United States require that the senate should be convened at 12 o'clock on the 4th day of March next, to receive or act upon such communication as may be made to it on the part of the executive. Now therefore I, Chester A. Arthur, president of the United States, have considered it to be my duty to issue this, my proclamation, declaring that the extraordinary occasion requires the senate of the United States to convene for the transaction of business at the capital city, Washington, on the 4th of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, that day, of which all who shall at the time be entitled to act as members of that body are hereby required to take notice."

[Signed] CHESTER A. ARTHUR, President.

FREDERICK T. FREYLINGHOYSEN, Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The important interests of the remainder of the session center in the senate, in the

committee on appropriations and in the conference committees.

Mr. Forner has to-day finished the consideration of the sundry civil bill, and it will be reported to the senate at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning. The bill has been considerably changed as respects the amounts, but no conspicuous features have been added.

The deficiency bill will be taken up by the sub-committee to-morrow morning, and it is expected will be reported to the senate Tuesday.

The fortification bill, which will then be the only remaining regular annual appropriation bill untouched by the senate, contains a very few items and will be quickly disposed of Tuesday night or Wednesday morning.

The bills in conference are pensions, army, postoffice, Indian and legislative bills. The first two contain no conspicuous features of difference and the conclusion respecting them will be early reached. The conferees upon the postoffice bill are holding their first meeting this evening and expect to agree before adjournment upon everything except the so-called subsidy clause, upon which a second conference will doubtless be required.

The legislative bill has been agreed to by the conferees with the exception of the provision for clerks to senators, and it is expected that the house will recede from its position in this regard, as it did last year. The Indian bill presents some difficulties, the solution of which cannot at this time be foreseen. The amendments relating to the amounts of the various appropriations all have been agreed to, but proposed that new legislation be incorporated in the measure by the house, is still at issue and neither party manifests, as yet, any disposition to recede. The house conferees urge the merits of proposed legislation while the senate stands upon its rule which forbids new legislation upon appropriation bills, and declares moreover that the house proposition will involve a violation of the solemn treaties with the Indians.

The navy bill has not yet gone to conference. The senate amendments were discussed by the house committee on appropriations to-day, and the latter, with two or three minor exceptions failed to concur with the senate differences. They will all be harmonized except the provisions for the completion of monitors and that for the armament of new cruisers and gunboats.

Very little more business except the consideration of appropriation bills is to be expected from the present Congress, though the friends of several important measures in the house will endeavor to secure action upon them at this stage of the session. It practically requires a unanimous consent for the passage of an important measure, since a very small majority may by resorting to parliamentary methods delay and exhaust the remaining time. Among the measures likely to be pressed upon the attention of the house are the Grant retirement bill, bankruptcy bill, educational bill, Mexican pension bill and the national library bill. The committee on elections has signified its intention of pressing election contests, but there is a determined opposition by the minority and filibustering will be resorted to if necessary to defeat their consideration.

In the senate, such time as is not devoted to the constitution of appropriation bills, will be taken up in disposing of house bills upon the calendar, preference being given generally to pension bills. The bill to forfeit certain lands granted the state of Iowa to aid in the construction of railroads which has already been under discussion, and will be urged to action if an opportunity occurs. The \$5,000,000 substitute for the usual river and harbor bill is in the hands of the senate committee on commerce and its fate cannot be foretold.

THE EXTRA SESSION.

The possibility of an extra session is again a subject of comment among congressmen. The senate committee on appropriations has before it as much work for the next three and one-half days, including Sunday, as it would attempt to perform in as many weeks. If the session is longer, the members of the committee express the hope that they will be able to present the remaining bills to the senate in time for action, but to do so will require them to work night and day.

Two of the remaining bills, the general deficiency and sundry civil, are measures of infinite detail and their careful scrutiny, at the best, by an imperative duty. The committee meetings will be in progress all day to-morrow, and every night—perhaps all night—until the final adjournment.

BNA BRITISH CHARITABLE SOCIETY.

NEW YORK, March 1.—BNA British Charitable Society, which meets every seven years, organized at Tammany hall to-day. It is composed of delegates from each of the nine lodges of Germany and the 325 United States lodges. Julius Brown, of New York, called the meeting to order. Philip Stein, of Chicago, was made permanent chairman. Vice presidents and secretaries were elected and the meeting adjourned until to-morrow.

LOUISIANA MURDERERS.

NEW ORLEANS, March 1.—The case of the state against the murderers of A. H. Murphy, was given to the jury at 11:40 last night, and fifteen minutes later returned a verdict of guilty against Pat Fort, a policeman, and manslaughter against Judge Thomas J. Ford, W. H. Canfield, and Thomas Buckley.

## UNPRECEDENTED.

A Remarkable Rush to Washington and the Railroads Taxed to Their

Fullest Extent.

The Public Debt—An Unknown Man

Found Murdered and Robbed

in Detroit.

Trial of the Dynamiters in England—

Detectives Arrested While Watch-

ing Cleveland's House.

One Thousand Strong.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The Tammany hall contingent for Washington started this morning, 1,000 strong. John Kelley is not with the party.

The Illinois Senatorship.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., March 2.—In the joint convention the only speaker, Haines, voted for senator, W. R. Morrison receiving his vote.

General Grant's Health To-day.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—General Grant was feeling quite well this morning. The bright weather of to-day seems to act as a stimulant. He is still at work upon his memoirs.

Resumed Operations.

YOUNGERSBURG, Ohio, March 2.—Andrew Bro's, & Co.'s rolling mill at Hazleton, started up a double turn to-day.

The Girard blast furnace resumes operations Wednesday.

The Death List.

St. Louis, March 2.—Capt. Henry Lowry, vice president of the St. Louis and Mississippi Valley Transportation company, and an old and wealthy citizen and well known river man died this morning after a lingering illness.

Forkegall's Park Report.

CINCINNATI, March 4.—The official report of pork packing in Cincinnati for the winter season closed March 1st has just been made public by Col. Maxwell, superintendent of the chamber of commerce. It shows the total number of hogs packed to be 3,850,435 against 3,650,451 last season, an increase of nearly 20,000.

The Public Debt.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The decrease of the public debt during February was \$3,204,975, a decrease since June 30, 1884, of \$44,126,386. Cash in treasury amounts to \$484,406,567, as follows: Gold certificates, \$1,531; silver certificates, \$141,419,830; certificates of deposit, \$30,580,000; funding certificates, \$251,300; legal tender, \$346,681,016; fractional currency, 6,968,306.

Cleveland's Supposed Guard Arrested.

ALBANY, March 2.—Two men who appeared to be acting suspiciously in the neighborhood of Towner mansion where Cleveland lives were arrested this morning at 11 o'clock by detectives Dwyer and Morris by order of the police and taken to police station. Here they were identified by Col. Dwight Lawrence as two detectives named Thomas Craig and Theodore Wakron, employed by the private agency at 304 Broadway, New York. They refused to tell their business to the chief of police and referred to Inspector Byrnes to say what it was. They were taken before a magistrate and committed for further hearing. The latest supposition is that they are detectives employed by friends of Cleveland without his knowledge, or knowledge of the authorities, to protect him from the threats of violence that have been made from time to time during the last two weeks.

Latest Foreign News.

LONDON, March 2.—Shanghai advices state that Admiral Courbet has blockaded Mingo and is now bombarding Chin-chow.

The British steamer, Lake Winnipeg, from New York, arrived at Liverpool. She landed six of the crew of the French ship, Surrey, abandoned in a completely disabled condition. The rest of the Surrey's crew, including the master and officers, were either drowned or died from exhaustion.

Telegrams from Mandalan state that the Burmese have recaptured Bhamo from the Chinese and the leader of the Chinese forces killed.

LONDON, March 2.—Tehran advices state that Gen. Peter Lumsden, British special commissioner on the Afghan frontier question, reached Galat or Gellix. The Russians advanced their pickets south of Peel, Khaim to Zelnigar and Penjikent.

The examination of Cunningham and Burton was continued to-day. Witnesses were introduced who testified that Burton is the owner of the bag containing twenty pounds of dynamite discovered in the parcel found at the Charing Cross railway station shortly after the explosion at Victoria station a year ago.

Poland, solicitor for the treasury, stated that the government would show Burton connected with the conspiracy in the United States. The solicitor then

gave the details of the plot to explode London bridge, parliament house and the tower in all these places.

Continuing, Poland said the government would show that Burton arrived at Southampton the 20th day of February, 1884. At Southampton he bought the portmanteau, found at Charing Cross station, which contained dynamite. This portmanteau is similar to the one found at Paddington station, which also contained dynamite. The plan had been to blow up the principal railroad stations in London. The dynamite was packed into the portmanteau, with American clocks set to strike at a certain hour, and one portmanteau so charged was to be placed at each of the four doomed stations.

The Rush to the Inaugural.

PITTSBURGH, March 2.—The rush to Washington through this city is unprecedented. At the union station the throng is so great that parties are unable to get passage on Washington bound trains. The day express carrying the National guards was sent out in five sections, and extra trains are leaving every hour both over the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore and Ohio roads. Carter Harrison's club from Chicago passed through at noon.

Grant's Condition.

NEW YORK, February 28.—In regard to General Grant's health, Col. Fredrick Grant said to the Post reporter this afternoon:

"My father is very sick. There is no use in longer denying the fact. We have made every effort to keep the true facts from the public, because we knew that as soon as it should become known he was dangerously ill there would be hundreds of letters coming in with every mail, and this would only excite him and make the cure less hopeful. My father had little rest for the past few nights. He was up and about his room for a little while yesterday and we hoped to get him up again to-day, but he is suffering constant pain in his ear and head. For any facts concerning the nature of his disease I refer you to his physicians. The doctors who are attending him are Drs. Eorley Barker, J. H. Douglas and H. B. Sands of this city, and S. M. Merker, of Philadelphia."

Dr. Douglas said, "I am no wise responsible for the rose colored report that appeared in the medical journal last week. Two days before the report was published, I had a conversation with Dr. Sands at General Grant's house. As a result of the consultation we both decided that cancerous growth at the root of the tongue was hardening and steadily growing. Microscopical examinations by an expert, proved beyond a doubt that the case was a malignant epithelial growth. General Grant is a very sick man. I think there is little or no hope that he will recover. He is breaking down, but has displayed much courage. Less than a month he has done as much as six or eight hours work a day, but he has had little for the past eight days. We have tried to keep the knowledge of his true condition from the general, because he had so many other troubles to bear. I have all along maintained that his trouble is from cancerous growth at the root of the tongue, caused undoubtedly, by excess in smoking. Every time he speaks or breathes, or eats, this is disturbed. It is difficult to treat it, for that reason. There have been times when the growth has been temporarily checked, but it never has been arrested, and is steadily increasing. There has been considerable loss of tissue of the soft parts. He takes nourishment every day in a liquid form. He can not eat solid food because he has lost all of his teeth. These were extracted in the hope of easing the pain in the face. This pain, although it resembles neuralgia, is not that pure and simple, but is a reflection of pain caused by the cancer in the throat. He has been suffering from a severe pain in the right ear, and on top of the head. To ease this his head is kept wrapped in hot flannels. I cannot say how near the end is. He may live for months yet, as men suffering from this disease have done, but I do not think there is any hope he may recover."

BALTIMORE, Md., March 2.—Mrs. Eliza Blaine Walker, who has been ill for some time at a boarding house in this city, was thought to be dying yesterday and her brothers in Washington were telegraphed for. Ex-Secretary Blaine with his daughter Margaret and son, Robert G. Blaine, came to Baltimore and spent the afternoon with Mrs. Walker. Mrs. Walker is the wife of Mayor R. C. Walker, a retired army officer.

Blaine's Sister Dying.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 2.—Mrs. Eliza Blaine Walker, who has been ill for some time at a boarding house in this city, was thought to be dying yesterday and her brothers in Washington were telegraphed for. Ex-Secretary Blaine with his daughter Margaret and son, Robert G. Blaine, came to Baltimore and spent the afternoon with Mrs. Walker. Mrs. Walker is the wife of Mayor R. C. Walker, a retired army officer.

A Strike of Collar Makers.

St. Louis, March 2.—About 250 collar makers struck this morning. The men demanded an increase of price for piece work ranging from five to fifteen per cent. over the present rates. They ask the same schedule that was in use last summer. Penitentiary labor is charged with the trouble. The manufacturers refuse to make the advance. It is claimed that expert collar makers earn but \$8 per week at the present rates.

Murdered and Robbed.

DETROIT, Feb. 2.—The body of an unknown man, apparently a German, aged forty years, was found in the ditch on Hastings street at midnight last night. His face was covered with blood and there were signs of a struggle in the snow. A shot was heard some time before, and it is thought the man was murdered and robbed.

Arrested for Murder.

St. Louis, March 2.—George Hughes, about eighteen years old, who says his mother resides at Cleveland, Ohio, was arrested near Fort Smith, Ark., yesterday for killing and robbing a man named Tinch at Camp Creek, Cherokee nation, last Friday night. Hughes previously robbed a clothing store at Van Buren, Ark.

Several French Injured.

HUNTER'S POINT, R. I., March 2.—The ice on White Stone harbor broke up last night and early this morning the tide steamers dock was carried off to the Sound. Numerous vessels which have been fast in the ice were badly damaged during the night. The large schooner, Lottie Melton, sunk, but the crew was saved.

The Skating Match.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Madison Square garden was sparingly filled this morning with people and the number of skaters has dwindled considerably since the start. The score at noon was as follows: Walton, 136 miles; Maddock, 128; Bout, 127; Donovan, 118; Wilkes, 116; Gurnley, 111; Shock, 110; Dickey, 106; Ward and Chapman, 105.

May Yet Be Accepted.

TORONTO, March 2.—A cable special indicates a strong probability that Canadian offers of assistance in Sudan will be accepted.

## VICTORS MEET.

The National Democratic Committee

Meet, Exchange Congratulations

and Transact Business.

A Probability that Canada's Offer of

Troops May be Accepted

by England.

Blaine's Sister Dying—A Youthful Mur-

derer Arrested—Vessels Wreck-

ed off Rhode Island.

The National Democratic Committee in

Session.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The national democratic committee met to-day with a full attendance and with W. H. Barnum presiding. The meeting was mainly devoted to the exchange of congratulations upon the success attending the committee and discussion of the part they should take in the inaugural ceremonies. It finally was agreed that the members of the committee should witness the proceedings at the capitol and then take carriages and ride to the executive mansion and view the procession.

Secretary Prince humorously remarked to the gentlemen present, "It has been twenty-five years since this committee had met for so pleasant an object as that which has called them together to-day. The meeting adjourned the subject until the later executive committee had held a preliminary meeting and approved the bills for expenditures during the campaign."

A New Railroad.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 2.—A syndicate of New York, Philadelphia and Pittsburg capitalists have purchased the charter of the Twille Creek Valley road route, which extends from Turtle creek, Halden, Pa., a distance of eighty-three miles. Arrangements will be made for the immediate opening of work on the road. The route will open up a rich mineral country and give Rochester, Pittsburg, seaboard and western roads a far more advantageous outlet from Pittsburg.

Blaine's Sister Dying.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 2.—Mrs. Eliza Blaine Walker, who has been ill for some time at a boarding house in this city, was thought to be dying yesterday and her brothers in Washington were telegraphed for. Ex-Secretary Blaine with his daughter Margaret and son, Robert G. Blaine, came to Baltimore and spent the afternoon with Mrs. Walker. Mrs. Walker is the wife of Mayor R. C. Walker, a retired army officer.

Blaine's Sister Dying.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 2.—Mrs. Eliza Blaine Walker, who has been ill for some time at a boarding house in this city, was thought to be dying yesterday and her brothers in Washington were telegraphed for. Ex-Secretary Blaine with his daughter Margaret and son, Robert G. Blaine, came to Baltimore and spent the afternoon with Mrs. Walker. Mrs. Walker is the wife of Mayor R. C. Walker, a retired army officer.

A Strike of Collar Makers.

St. Louis, March 2.—About 250 collar makers struck this morning. The men demanded an increase of price for piece work ranging from five to fifteen per cent. over the present rates. They ask the same schedule that was in use last summer. Penitentiary labor is charged with the trouble. The manufacturers refuse to make the advance. It is claimed that expert collar makers earn but \$8 per week at the present rates.

Murdered and Robbed.

DETROIT, Feb. 2.—The body of an unknown man, apparently a German, aged forty years, was found in the ditch on Hastings street at midnight last night. His face was covered with blood and there were signs of a struggle in the snow. A shot was heard some time before, and it is thought the man was murdered and robbed.

Arrested for Murder.

St. Louis, March 2.—George Hughes, about eighteen years old, who says his mother resides at Cleveland, Ohio, was arrested near Fort Smith, Ark., yesterday for killing and robbing a man named Tinch at Camp Creek, Cherokee nation, last Friday night. Hughes previously robbed a clothing store at Van Buren, Ark.

Several French Injured.

HUNTER'S POINT, R. I., March 2.—The ice on White Stone harbor broke up last night and early this morning the tide steamers dock was carried off to the Sound. Numerous vessels which have been fast in the ice were badly damaged during the night. The large schooner, Lottie Melton, sunk, but the crew was saved.

The Skating Match.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Madison Square garden was sparingly filled this morning with people and the number of skaters has dwindled considerably since the start. The score at noon was as follows: Walton, 136 miles; Maddock, 128; Bout, 127; Donovan, 118; Wilkes, 116; Gurnley, 111; Shock, 110; Dickey, 106; Ward and Chapman, 105.

May Yet Be Accepted.

TORONTO, March 2.—A cable special indicates a strong probability that Canadian offers of assistance in Sudan will be accepted.







